Please check that this question paper contains 09 questions and 02 printed pages within first ten minutes.

[Total No. of Questions: 09]

[Total No. of Pages: 02]

Uni. Roll No.

Program: B.Tech. (Scheme 2018)

Semester: 3rd

MORNING

Name of Subject: Computer Architecture

1.9 JUN 2023

Subject Code: PCEC-105

Paper ID: 16035

Scientific calculator is not allowed

Time Allowed: 03 Hours

Max. Marks: 60

NOTE:

1) Parts A and B are compulsory

- 2) Part-C has Two Questions Q8 and Q9. Both are compulsory, but with internal choice.
- 3) Any missing data may be assumed appropriately.

Part - A

[Marks: 02 each]

Q1.

- a) List the four main components of any general-purpose computer.
- b) Define 'Amdahl's law'.
- c) Cite two differences between computer architecture and computer organization.
- d) Describe briefly the process of 'scheduling'.
- e) Justify why MFLOPS is better than MIPS.
- f) Discuss the advantages of parallel decoding in computer architecture.

Part - B

[Marks: 04 each]

- Q2. Discuss in detail the 'bus structure' with the aid of diagram.
- Q3. Describe briefly the term 'interrupts'. Discuss its classes.
- Q4. Explain the 'Fetch-Decode-Execute' cycle.
- Q5. Explain how 'pipelining' improves performance in computer architecture.
- **Q6.** Compare the architectures: "RISC" and "CISC".
- Q7. Consider the execution of a program that result in the execution of 2 million instructions on a 400-MHz processor. The program consists of four major types of instructions. The instruction mix and the CPI for each instruction type are given below, based on the result

Page 1 of 2

P.T.O.

of a program trace experiment. Determine the effective CPI, MIPS Rate and execution time for the machine.

MORNING 19 JUN 2023

Instruction Type	Instruction Count (Millions)	Cycles Per Instruction
Arithmetic and logic	1	60%
Load/store with cache hit	2	18%
Branch	4	12%
Memory reference with cache miss	8	10%

Part - C

[Marks: 12 each]

Q8. With the aid of neat sketch, discuss in detail the memory structure and organization of cache memory.

OR

- a) Describe the three principal constituents of a computer system at the integrated circuit level.
- b) Elaborate on 'Flynn's taxonomy in computer architecture'
- Q9. Describe briefly the concept of operating system. Explain in detail the different types.

OR

- a) Consider a dynamic RAM that must be given a refresh cycle 64 times per ms. Each refresh operation requires 150ns; a memory cycle requires 250ns. Compute the percentage of the memory's total operating time that must be given to refreshes.
- b) Explain in detail the different Multicore Organizations.
